

**POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

Primary election occurs Saturday, July 15.

**REPRESENTATIVE.**

WILLIAM T. CROCKER is announced as a candidate for Representative in the Legislature from Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

CHARLES HART is announced as a candidate for Representative in the Legislature from Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

T. G. FOLEY is announced as a candidate for Representative in the Legislature from Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**COUNTY CLERK.**

G. B. NALL is announced as a candidate for Clerk of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**CIRCUIT CLERK.**

J. F. T. EDWARDS is announced as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

JOSEPH HUFF is announced as a candidate for Circuit Clerk of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.**

W. R. EDGAR is announced as a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

JOSEPH A. GREGORY is announced as a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**ASSESSOR.**

S. E. BURNETT is announced as a candidate for Assessor of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

R. M. OMOHUNDRO is announced as a candidate for Assessor of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

S. A. REYBURN is announced as a candidate for Assessor of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**JUDGE OF THE COUNTY COURT.**

J. W. HANCOCK is announced as a candidate for County Justice at large for Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

A. W. HOLLOMAN is announced as a candidate for County Justice at large for Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

D. H. PALMER is announced as a candidate for County Justice for the western district of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

JOSEPH G. CLARKSON is announced as a candidate for County Justice for the southern district of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**JUDGE OF PROBATE.**

FRANZ DINGER is announced as a candidate for Probate Judge of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

J. T. AKE is announced as a candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**SHERIFF AND COLLECTOR.**

WM. A. FLETCHER is announced as a candidate for Sheriff and Collector, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**TREASURER.**

ISAAC G. WHITWORTH is announced as a candidate for Treasurer of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**CORONER.**

DR. W. G. THOMAS is announced as a candidate for Coroner of Iron county, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

**LOCAL BREVITIES.**

Hay is selling at ten dollars per ton.

Ice-cream, 5 cents a dish, at Hotson's.

Coroner Granddunham decided at the eleventh hour to run for re-election.

The best Singer Machine in the market for \$15 by calling at the Pilot Knob Drug Store.

J. A. Aubuchon was in town on Friday, on his way to De Lassus, whither he went land-hunting.

Saturday was pay-day at the Knob, and the stores and saloons, as usual, drove a thriving trade.

A traveling photographer, hailing from Poplar Bluff, set up his temporary establishment in Ironton on Friday.

The wife of Charles A. Cox gave birth to a twelve-pound boy, at the Ironton House, on Wednesday night of last week.

Mr. Albert Monier, the porcelain painter, of St. Louis, is again with us for the summer. He is stopping at the Kesling mansion.

Silas the barber is somewhat mortified—that is to say, black—over his Brown experience. For particulars see another column.

Charles Russell has left at this office two samples of oats which measure respectively five feet eight inches and six feet and a half in height.

"Competition is the life of trade," and beneficial to customers. Ice-cream has been reduced in price to five cents a plate by one establishment.

The officials of the Land Office temporarily deserted their places last week, one going to Kansas City, and the other to St. Louis, on business.

Killalee, the jolly Milesian of the Knob, accumulated \$423 at the Graniteville celebration, all in exchange for "temperance" drinks and refreshments.

The well-known Dr. Warren Harvey was voted a sixty-dollar cane at the Iron Mountain celebration of the Fourth. A solid evidence of his popularity.

Our old Madison county friend, John Burke, Esq., came in last Saturday and gave us a political chat. At his earnest request, we suppress the details.

Leis' Dandelion Tonic will ward off typhoid fever and typho-malaria. It is also the best tonic that can be taken when recovering from a severe sickness.

Jasper McCollum, of Madison county, brought in the first new wheat to the Ironton Mills last Thursday. It was a good article, for which \$1 a bushel was paid.

The Piedmont Farmer remarks: "We don't say that the brewery at Middlebrook had anything to do with the band boys going to that place on the Fourth. Oh, no!"

Mrs. Jennie Abernathy, a colored woman who has lived in this neighborhood for a great many years, died at her home near Ironton on Friday. She was born in North Carolina, about 1780, and was therefore over a hundred years old at the time of her death.

**Serious, if Not Fatal Accident.**

About 12 o'clock on Monday night, a serious, if not fatal, accident occurred at Tunnel No. 2 of the Pilot Knob mines. An Italian miner by the name of Nicholas Caezzer was engaged in running out a car-load of refuse ore from the tunnel to the end of the dump. After emerging from the tunnel, he neglected to put on the break quick enough, and both he and the car were precipitated over the embankment with the velocity of a cannon-ball. Down they went, turning over and over like wheels until they reached the bottom, a distance of more than a hundred feet. The car was smashed to splinters, and it is a wonder that there was anything of the man left at all. The clothing was stripped from his body, and his body almost flayed, by contact with the sharp rocks of which the embankment is composed; numerous cuts were made upon his head; his right thigh was broken in three places, and he received internal injuries which it is feared will result fatally.

Drs. Goulding and Thomas were summoned, and such medical and surgical aid as the case required was administered. It was thought advisable to wait until reaction set in before performing an operation, should it then be necessary.

**A Wise Conclusion.**

The Board of Education of Ironton is in tribulation. On the 10th of June, after 108 ballots for a principal for the Public School, the board at last succeeded in choosing Mr. J. H. Van Amburgh, of Cape Girardeau, for the position. But that gentleman, having secured another school, withdrew his application, though ignorant of the Board's action. It was plain, then, to almost everybody except two or three members of the Board, that all the applications before the Board having been disposed of, the only thing to be done was to advertise anew for proposals. This was done, in fact, by what the REGISTER supposed to be authority. But, notwithstanding this, a day or two afterward the Board again met, and, taking up the rejected applications, elected the Rev. Mr. Wright to the principalship.

And here is the sequel: Mr. Wright took the matter under advisement, but was inclined from the first to decline, and would probably have acted immediately in accordance with his inclination had not injudicious friends strenuously urged him to accept. He has now acted a wise part in resigning, assigning as reasons that he did not consider he had any proposition before the Board when elected; that he had never accepted a position as teacher where not unanimously tendered; and that considerable public feeling, as voiced by the REGISTER, had been manifested against his election.

The action of Mr. Wright must meet the decided approbation of almost every taxpayer who wishes the prosperity of our Public School. Had he decided otherwise, the school would have received an injury from which it could not have so soon recovered. The opposition to Mr. Wright was not of a personal nature at all: he is a gentleman thoroughly qualified for the place to which he aspired; but the opposition arose from the conviction that the employment of clergymen of any denomination in public free schools is contrary to the spirit and inimical to the highest efficiency of the system.

The Board is advertising again for proposals, but it is feared that, at this late day, only a "stick" can be picked up. If that body would apply a little business tact, and offer fair inducements for first-class men, there would be no trouble in getting what is so much desired to build up the school: an experienced principal, possessed of snap, executive ability, and undivided love for his profession. Otherwise, it is probable that the school will continue to be a slipshod institution.

**GONE, BUT NOT FORGOTTEN.**—Silas Vaughn, the barber, is now a mourner. His assistant tonsorial artist, one Ben Brown, went away, after a fortnight's sojourn, without bidding Silas good by, and taking along about \$25 in money, some razors and wearing apparel that did not belong to him. There was a colored dance at Arcadia on the night of the Fourth, and Silas attended it. Before going, he took the precaution to secrete \$18 beneath one of the barber-chair cushions, but left about \$7 in change in the money-drawer; then fastening the shop securely, as he thought, he departed for the scene of pleasure. But the eyes of Brown were evidently upon him; for, when everything was quiet about town, and while Silas was doubtless tripping his light, fantastic toe to the music of "I—1 Broke Loose in Georgia" or some other classic dance-tune, Ben broke into the shop, removed the lucre from his hiding-place, cleared out the till, pocketed three razors valued at \$3.75 apiece, and, donning a pair of trousers and an overcoat which had been left in the shop by a customer, he boarded the 3 o'clock train for St. Louis. When Silas returned and found that his valuables were gone, and Brown too, there was a season of "wallin', an' swearin', and gashtin' of teeth," and then he started in search of the thief, but after spending three days in the city, without discovering him, Silas came home, a disconsolate man, but with a fund of experience which will last quite awhile.

**FABLE OF THE BEAR AND FOX.**—A Bear boasted of his love for man, saying that he never worried or disturbed him when dead. The Fox observed with a smile: "I should have thought more of your profession if you never ate him alive." Moral: (Better save a man from dying than save him when dead. How true of man is that maxim to this day. Men and women, here, there, everywhere, deplore and lament death-bed scenes, yet pay so little attention to each other's welfare during life. All tears after death, but no smiles before. The health of wives and daughters is shattered and their lives imperiled by some chronic female complaint, which is permitted to continue until the whole constitution is broken down. Don't procrastinate until these poor creatures are dead, but go to work now and work continuously until they are cured. Dr. Dromgoolle's English Female Bitters is the remedy. It is a never-failing female regulator and iron tonic, acting promptly and pleasantly.

**ORGANS!—ORGANS!**—South American Organs, for sweetness of tone, reign supreme over all others. C. W. HANDLEY & CO., Cor. 10th & Olive Sts., St. Louis.

**My Experience in Teaching.**

Dear Register—I wish to give my experience as a teacher since I have been in the ministry, and I wish to give it to the public through the medium of your interesting paper.

I have taught in private schools and public schools, in high schools and low schools, in male academies and female seminaries, making in all fourteen years; and preached also nearly every Sabbath during that time. Every morning the Bible was read verse about by the teacher and students; after which a short, appropriate prayer was offered. I never heard of these exercises proselyting any one over to my way of thinking. I never heard of such exercises making the scholars dishonest in their dealings, profane swearers, Sabbath-breakers, or bad citizens in other respects; but, on the contrary, it had the very reverse effect on them. Many of my students are now practicing law or medicine, some are preaching, one is president of a college in Arkansas, and others are following different and useful occupations in life.

But people in the nineteenth century have got to be wiser than their Maker. By a vote the Bible has been banished from the public schools! There is a standing and binding command of the Author of the Bible that it should be taught at all times and in all places. (See Leviticus, viii.) I believe that verse has reference not only to parents, but to all who have the care and instruction of children. I do not know but that the majority of the world would go in for voting to de throne the Creator and to take the reins of universal government in their own hands.

Well, I have had Methodist preachers come to me to study the Hebrew language, and they were not afraid that I would make Presbyterians of them. I have also had Cumberland Presbyterian preachers come to study algebra, and they did not appear afraid that I would try to bring them round to my way of believing the Bible. I remember about one of them that, when he first came, he appeared wonderfully exercised about what the value of the letter x would be in the solution of different problems, as it is an unknown number. Whilst I labored to lead my students along in the paths of science, literature and morality, I never tried to proselyte any. I was always glad to see any become true and faithful followers of the Savior, then to join the church of their choice, or the church of their parents.

Had I children to send to school, I would wish them taught good manners, to obey all wholesome rules, to obey their parents, and to treat all with becoming respect, whether superiors, inferiors, or equals. I would wish them also to be taught to "remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy," and to shun all the existing and prevalent vices, such as intemperance, profane swearing, lying, cheating, stealing, fighting, and Sabbath desecration. Where is there a parent that would not wish his children taught these things? Then, why object to a conscientious and able minister, who can teach these things, as well as and perhaps better than any one else? All this can be done, and ought to be done, and sectarianism be left entirely out of the question. J. DONALDSON.

**REMARKS.**

The views of Mr. Donaldson, as seen from his standpoint, may be correct, but he seems to have strangely misapprehended the position of those who oppose the introduction of clergymen into the public schools as teachers. If all the people of the United States were of "one way of thinking"; if they all believed the one and the same Bible, then the objections against the employment of clerical teachers and the use of the Bible in the public schools could not stand. But it is a patent fact that they are not, and never can be, of the same way of thinking; hence the position of the objectors, as succinctly stated below, is believed to be impregnable:

1. The common school system in vogue in this country was established for the benefit of the whole people.

2. Every individual in the States, irrespective of his political or religious bias, is subject to taxation to support that system.

3. It follows, therefore, that the introduction into the public schools of an element of which a portion of the moral citizens of a community cannot conscientiously approve, practically excludes that portion from the benefits of a system which they are taxed to support, and to that extent works palpable injustice.

Very many of the people of the Union are without the pale of the church, and those within the pale are divided into parties whose differences are utterly irreconcilable. No less than four versions of the Bible are now in use by different religious sects: to decide that the King James or the Douay version, for example, shall be used in the public schools, would, in either case, trench upon the belief of large bodies of people, and in effect deprive them of rights to which they are justly entitled; and a clerical teacher could not, because of his religious convictions, refrain from using the book of his choice and imparting a religious cast to his teaching. The public schools were established simply and only to furnish secular knowledge to the multitude, that they may become the better citizens; the religious education of youth is the peculiar province of home and the Sunday school, and should be confined within those bounds. "There is a time [and place] for all things."

**LIVELY TIMES.**—The south side of the courthouse square had some lively times last Saturday night. A speck of war—germinated the preceding evening—developed into a regular cyclone, as it were, and for a short time threatened to devastate the fair proportions of the locality where fights are free and drinks only five cents each. Two men, a Prough and a Hill, after a few introductory remarks, clinched, went to the floor, bit, gouged, choked, rose again, and were doing their level best to disfigure each other's anatomy when Marshal Patton arrived, and, with the assistance of his official club, stopped the fight. During the melee Charley Patton's head was gashed by a pool-ball thrown by some person unknown. Sides were taken by the friends of the contesting parties, revolvers, knives and slung-shots distributed, and for a short time a riot appeared inevitable. Better councils prevailed, however, and the riotous ended in volleys of oaths, threats, denunciations, etc. There were no arrests. Why not?

Some years ago Congress granted a certain amount of unentered Government lands to the State of Missouri on certain conditions. In fulfillment of the conditions, the State granted the Iron Mountain Railroad Company about 75,000 acres of these lands, to enable it to extend its line southward from Pilot Knob, and the company formally accepted them, but no patent was ever issued therefor. The Government, however, insists that the lands belong to the company, and declines to pay a bill of about \$75,000 presented by the company, on the ground that one condition of the grant required the company to transport, free of charge forever,

United States troops and supplies. Thus the matter stands: the lands are apparently now without owners; they can neither be pre-empted nor sold. Now some of the former Registers of the Land Office, believing the indemnity lands open to entry, permitted various persons in Iron and adjoining counties to homestead portions of them, and of course, under the circumstances, no patents can at present be issued to the homesteaders. To remedy the difficulty, Senator Cockrell has introduced a bill authorizing the Government to resume the disputed grant and throw the lands open to settlement.

**FOUND BAIL.**—On Monday, Mary Miller, the young woman recently committed to jail in default of bail, to await the action of the grand jury, on a charge of infanticide, succeeded in obtaining bail, Judge Dinger having reduced the amount from \$500 to \$300. The girl's bondsmen are her step-father, Marion Corry, of Lesterville, and Charles Downs, of Ironton. Now, if an indictment is found—but we don't think there will be—let the Prosecuting Attorney nolle-pros the case, and he will be doing a just and charitable act. This girl, the victim of a villain, has doubtless suffered ten thousand deaths, but the author of her misery goes unwhipped of justice.

**THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL PICNIC.**—A very pleasant affair was the Sunday-school picnic at Russell's grove on the Fourth, brief mention of which was made in last week's paper. The teachers and members of the various Sunday schools in Arcadia Valley, with the Rev. Messrs. Berryman, Wright and Boush, Mrs. Farrar, Berryman and Griffith, and other friends of the schools, assembled in the grove at an early hour, and about one o'clock all sat down to a sumptuous dinner. Then Judge Russell's fine melodeon was brought out, and its full, rich tones were well supported by some of the best musical talent of the valley. Everything combined to make the occasion a most enjoyable one.

**SUIT ABOUT BRICK.**—Mr. Henry L. Kesling, of this place, supplied the bricks with which the public school building was built, and delivered, according to his count and Jack Albert's measurement, some 165,000 bricks. In this locality, 27 naked bricks are allowed to the cubic foot, and 22 in mortar; but the contractor, measuring by the specifications, computed only 122,000 bricks, allowing 22 to the cubic foot and deducting 15 per cent for the mortar. Mr. Kesling offered to compromise the difference with the contractor, J. A. Hayden, but without effect, and suit for the sum of \$287 has therefore been brought against Mr. Hayden.

Mr. J. Marlat, of Beaver county, Penn., the new minister assigned to this circuit of the Methodist Episcopal Church, arrived in town on Friday, and preached his first sermon in the Ironton church on Sunday. He is a fine-looking young man of 25, a recent graduate of an Eastern college, and appears to be robust in constitution, and full of energy and ministerial enthusiasm—qualifications which are absolutely essential to the proper fulfillment of the duties imposed upon preachers on this circuit, as no less than twenty-two appointments have to be made each month.

**PHOTOGRAPHS.**—W. H. Kennedy has pitched his tent on the vacant lot west of the school-house in Ironton, where he will remain for ten days only. He does first-class work at the following remarkably low prices: Card-size photos, per doz.....\$1.50 Cabinet-size photos, per doz.....3.00 Four large tintypes.....75 Large pictures, in frames.....1.50 Specimens of my work may be seen at the Pilot Knob Drug Store, at the Ironton Post-office, and at the gallery.

**CRYSTALLIZED.**—Just fifteen years ago today the IRON COUNTY REGISTER drew its first breath of life, and newspaper doctors say its existence thus far has been a healthy one. The editor does not owe a word of recognition of his services to the approbation of his readers, but would not decline to part-ake of any substantial mementos of the event that may be offered. [N. B.—This paragraph was written by the REGISTER's factotum.]

Last spring, the wife of Mr. Leonard Sutton, having a setting hen, and corn being scarce, decided to issue grain rations only to the one of her fowls that was doing chicken-dom some service. In a short time the other hens discovered the discrimination against them, and repaired in a body to the hen-house, and began a terrible clucking, which was only appeased when Mrs. Sutton called a primary election of her poultry.

Two little boys met on the street, the other day. Jimmie was the happy possessor of two apples, and Johnnie, eyeing the fruit with itching desire, said in pleading tones: "Gimme one, won't yer?" "No, I can't," replied Jimmie; "I've got to give one ov'm for ma." "Oh, do give me one," said the other; "I'm a poor little boy: an' my ma is dead, an' my pa's no account!" Fact.

A German whose nickname here was Henry Schnappschesser, and who has been in the employ of Seitz, the Middlebrook brewer, for some months past, in the capacity of a beer-wagon driver, absconded last week with over \$100 of beer-money which he had collected for his employer. His whereabouts are as yet unknown.

For dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, torpid liver, sour stomach, heart-burn, sick headache, etc., there is nothing that equals Bailey's Saline Aperient. It is cheaper than pills, does not gripe nor sicken, is pleasant and speedy, is cooling and quieting, and can be used at all times without interfering with any duties of life.

The rumor that Walter Nall's preserve and other good eatables had been surreptitiously abstracted from his cellar, while the family were absent, was without foundation. So Walter's friends need not refrain from calling upon him about meal-time, for fear that the sweetmeats will be conspicuous by their absence.

**LAWRENCE, KAN., June 6, 1881.**—Leis Chemical Manufacturing Company.—Gents: I have used your Dandelion Tonic in connection with malarial disorders with admirable results. If I may judge from my own experience, it is a very effective remedy.

L. W. SPRING, Pastor Plymouth Church. The Domestic Sewing Machine beats them all. H. Davis, Agent.

**J. N. BISHOP,**  
DEALER IN  
STOVES,  
HARDWARE,  
FURNITURE,  
PUMPS,  
WOODENWARE,  
GLASS,  
PISTOLS,  
NAILS,  
GARDEN TOOLS,  
MATTRESSES,  
POWDER,  
GRANITE  
IRONWARE.  
Manufacturer of Tinware. Roofing and Guttering.  
Agent for Buckeye Mower and Sweepstake Thresher  
South Side Courthouse Square, IRONTON, MISSOURI.

**W. F. WIESNER,**  
DEALER IN  
Drugs and Medicines.  
Paints, Oils, Varnishes,  
Books and Stationery,  
Wall Paper, Perfumery, Fancy  
Articles, Etc., Etc.,  
W. Main St., IRONTON.

REMOVED TO PILOT KNOB.  
**LOUIS SCHWANER,**  
Saddle & Harness Maker,  
AND DEALER IN  
CHAINS, COLLARS, WHIPS,  
Horse Blankets, Lap Robes, &c.  
Hacks and Carriages Covered  
ON SHORT NOTICE!  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.  
Two Doors South of Drug Store, PILOT KNOB, MO.

**HOTSON'S RESTAURANT,**  
ONE DOOR NORTH OF FAIRCHILDS',  
IRONTON, MISSOURI.  
Meals at all Hours. Boarding by the Day or Week.  
ICE-CREAM BY THE PLATE OR QUART.  
ALSO, DEALER IN  
**GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,**  
Canned Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, Etc.  
—BUYS—  
Country Produce, Game of All Kinds, Hides, Peltries, &c.  
—SELLS—  
Lime and Cement, Plastering Hair, Quarried Rock, &c.

**Lopez' Bargain List.**  
5 doz. Ladies' Button Kid, glove top, for \$1.50; sold everywhere for \$2.25.  
200 pairs Ladies' Front Lace, grained. Warranted all leather; for 75c. Ladies' Toe Slippers, extra fine, for \$1.  
Men's Summer Suits, light color, all wool, for \$5. Worth \$14. Blue Flannel, all wool and fine, for \$9.  
Great Bargains in Boys' Clothing! ranging in price from \$1.25 per Suit upward.  
An Extra Inducement! 4 doz. Boys' Woolen Suits, heavy enough to wear through Winter—ages 12 to 16 years—at \$4.50 a Suit. Well worth \$6.50.  
36 Men's Suits, heavy and good, for \$3.  
50 doz. Ladies' Striped Hose, at 6c a pair; worth 10 cents.  
Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, extra quality—Silk Clocked—for 50c. Worth 75c.  
New stock of Furniture just received; full lines of Stove & Tinware at St. Louis prices.

**WM. TRAUERNICHT,**  
Merchant Tailor,  
AND DEALER IN  
READY-MADE CLOTHING,  
Hats, Caps, Furnishing Goods, Etc.  
NEAR THE DEPOT.  
**MIDDLEBROOK, MISSOURI.**